

SERES concept API for managing definitions

...and relation to RDF, OWL and Linked Data

david.norheim@computas.no

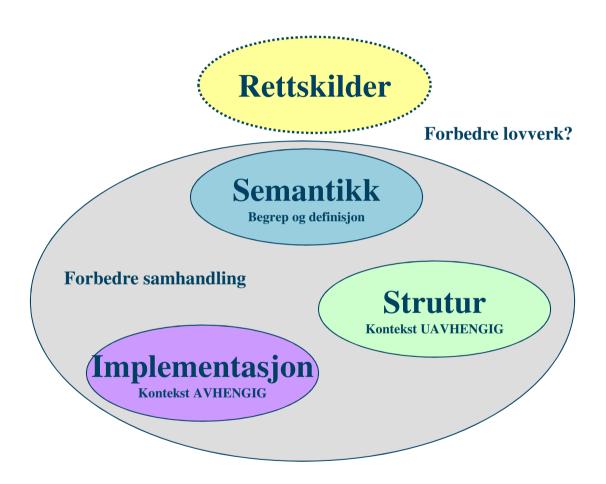


Objective of this presentation

- How can SERES be used as a commonly available dictionary?
- How can we edit the dictionary?
- How can SERES interface to my tools/the best tools?
- How can SERES be used for ontologies in Linked Data?



SERES' three levels



NB: Ingen instanser i SERES!



What is SERES semantic level?

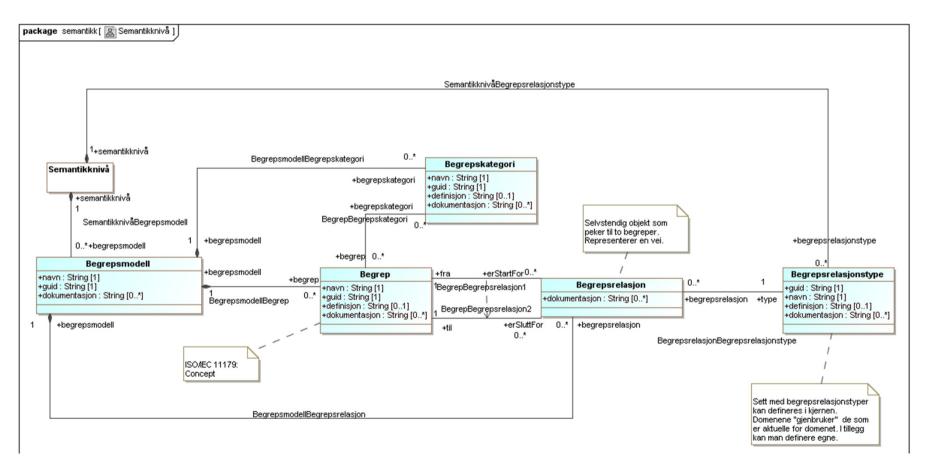
Version 1.0

- Currently a custom meta model for modeling concepts (see next slide)
- Consists of
 - Concept definition ("Begrep"@no)
 - . Globally Unique Identifier (IRI)
 - Definition (textual)
 - . Documentation (textual)
 - Relations ("Begrepsrelasjon"@no)
 - Contexts ("Begrepskategori"@no)
 - Grouped into models
- Workflow enabled maintenance



Semantic level - metamodel

Simple by design!





SERES vs. RDF/OWL

seres.semantikk.Begrep	owl:Class
seres.semantikk.Begrep.navn	rdfs:label
seres.semantikk.Begrep.guid	rdf:resource (IRI for the class)
seres.semantikk.Begrep.definisjon	rdfs:comment
seres.semantikk.Begrep.dokumentasjon	rdfs:?
seres.semantikk.Begrepsrelasjon	owl:ObjectProperty
seres.semantikk.Begrepsmodell	owl:Ontology

<owl:Class rdf:about="http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762"/>



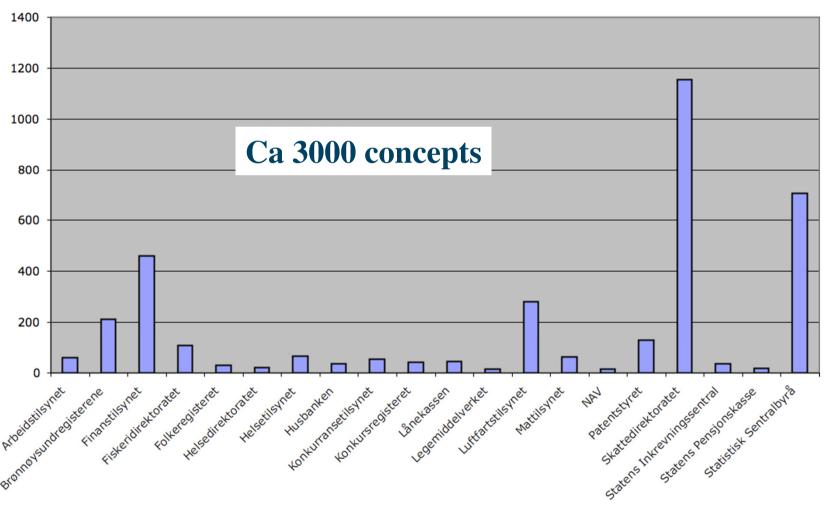
What is missing for the semantic level today?

Version 2.0?

- A standard metamodel evaluating others (e.g. SKOS, OWL)
- Internationalization?



The concepts - in the repository



^{**}Based on kurs.seres.no

^{*} Not all domains have committed to start the process



Jun 23, 2010 6:19:56 PM

StatistiskSentralbyrå

Modification Time Jun 23, 2010 6:19:56 PM

0.2

Example

Items



definision

Adresse

Qualified Name: StatistiskSentralbyrå.Semantikknivå.Begreper.Adresse

guid http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762

På foretak er forretningsadresse hovedkontorets beliggenhetsadresse for næringsdrivende enheter, og besøksadresse for andre enheter. På bedrifter er forretningsadresse virksomhetens beliggenhetsadresse.

Adressen angis som gate-/veiadresse, eller stedsnavn der gate-/veiadresser ikke finnes. Adressen består av gate-/veiadresse og ev. husnummer, eller stedsnavn, samt postnummer, poststed, kommunenummer og

landkode Kilde:SSB

dokumentasjon file://www.intern.ssb.no/metadata/conceptvariable/vardok/1485/nb

System Classification

Item TypeBegrep [Filter]

Class seres.semantikk.Begrep [Filter]



<u>Adresse</u>

Qualified Name: Skattedirektoratet.Semantikknivå.Begreper.Adresse

definisjon Identifikasjon av fysisk eller tjenestebasert kontaktpunkt. Kilde:Kartverket

Creation Time Oct 1, 2010 10:37:29 AM Modification Time Oct 1, 2010 10:37:29 AM Store Name Skattedirektoratet

Version 0.2

Creation Time

Store Name

Version

System Classification

Item Type Begrep [Filter]

Class seres.semantikk.Begrep [Filter]



definisjon

Adresse

Qualified Name: Arbeidstilsynet.Semantikknivå.Begreper.Adresse

På foretak er forretningsadresse hovedkontorets beliggenhetsadresse for næringsdrivende enheter, og

besøksadresse for andre enheter. På bedrifter er forretningsadresse virksomhetens beliggenhetsadresse. Adressen angis som gate-/veiadresse, eller stedsnavn der gate-/veiadresser ikke finnes. Adressen består av gate-/veiadresse og ev. husnummer, eller stedsnavn, samt postnummer, poststed, kommunenummer og

landkode Kilde:SSB

Creation Time Aug 23, 2010 3:36:31 PM Modification Time Aug 23, 2010 3:36:31 PM

Store Name TUL Version 0.1



Example

Store: StatistiskSentralbyrå

	Begrep	Adresse			
Oversikt					•
Definisjon:	forretningsadresse virkso	adresse hovedkontorets beliggenhetsadresse for næringsdrivende er omhetens beliggenhetsadresse. Adressen angis som gate-/veiadress husnummer, eller stedsnavn, samt postnummer, poststed, kommuner	se, eller stedsnavn der gate-/veiadres		
Dokumentasjon:	file://www.intern.ssb.no/m	netadata/conceptvariable/vardok/1485/nb	•		
Guid:	http://seres.no/guid/Statis	stiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762			
Creation Time: 2	3-Jun-2010 18:19:56 CES	T Modification Time: 23-Jun-2010 18:19:56 CEST	Owner:		
Inngår i begrep	psmodell				⊡
Navn					
<u>Begreper</u>					
Knyttet til følge	ende begrepskategor	ier			-
Navn					
Grunndata					
Refererer til an	dre begreper				•
Navn		Relasjonstype		Navn	
Bedriftsadresse		harRolle			
Refereres til av	/ følgende begreper				•
Navn		Relasjonstype	Navn		
Navn					
ElektroniskAdress	se	<u>er</u>	Adresse		

er

er

Gateadresse

Stedsadresse

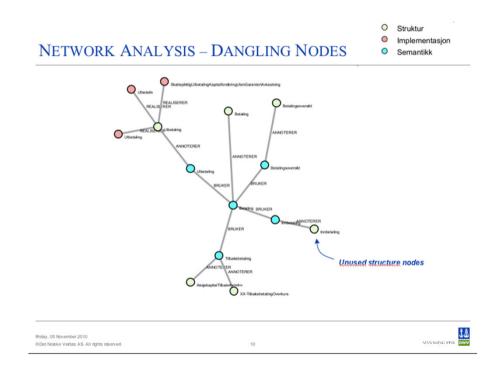
Adresse

Adresse



Quality of concept systems

- Conducted by the Semicolon project
- By Per Myrseth, DNV et al.



More on this 11:35-12:00 on Thursday



How are the concepts created?

- Bottom-up based on actual forms/ (Altinn) schemas
 - see Geir Jevnes presentation Tuesday
- Top-down likely to increase substantially



The concepts

- Use case 1: Refer to a concept definition in your own system, outside of SERES
- Use case 2: Create and update a concept definition



SERES as an open data source

- The SERES concepts is made available through an API (as a datasource in it self)
- The IRI is the reference



Testing now!



REST API

http://<server>/guid/<domain>/Begrep/<name>

- GET, POST, PUT
- RDF, XMI and HTML format
 - Opportunities for expansion (see later)

- API can be used to refer to, see and change the concept.
- Based on RESTful (Representational State Transfer) web services



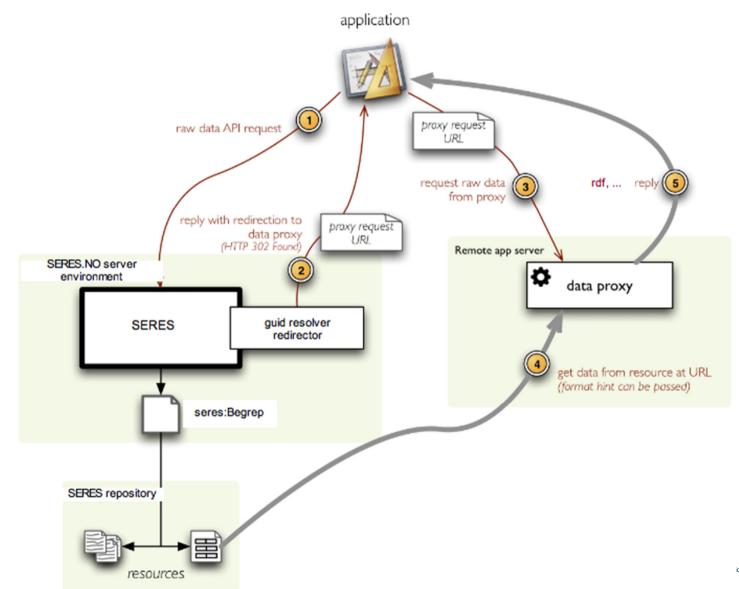
What is REST?

- An architectural style
- Clients initiates requests to servers which return a response
- Resources are typlically a concept that may be addressed (URI)
- Using generic verbs for operations (GET, POST, PUT, DELETE...)
- Format independent
- Modelled after the World Wide Web /HTTP)

Resource	GET	PUT	POST	DELETE
Element URI, such as http://example.com/res ources/ef7d-xj36p	Retrieve a representation of the addressed member of the collection, expressed in an appropriate Internet media type.	Replace the addressed member of the collection, or if it doesn't exist, create it.	Treat the addressed member as a collection in its own right and create a new entry in it.	Delete the addressed member of the collection.
Collection URI, such as http://example.com/res ources/	List the URIs and perhaps other details of the collection's members.	Replace the entire collection with another collection.	Create a new entry in the collection. The new entry's URL is assigned automatically and is usually returned by the operation.	Delete the entire collection.



Architecture Concept API for SERES



Slide «#»





Resource	Method	Request	Response
Concept instance	GET	/guid/ <domene>/Begrep/<id></id></domene>	Concept and relations
Concept instance	POST/ PUT	/guid/ <domene>/Begrep/<ld></ld></domene>	200 OK
Concept Group	GET	/guid/ <domene>/Begrep</domene>	All concepts in domain
Concept Group	POST	/guid/ <domene>/Begrep</domene>	200 OK
	•••		

- POSTing data to a register resource will create a new entity.
- PUT/POSTing data to an entity resource will update an existing entity.



An example...

http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762

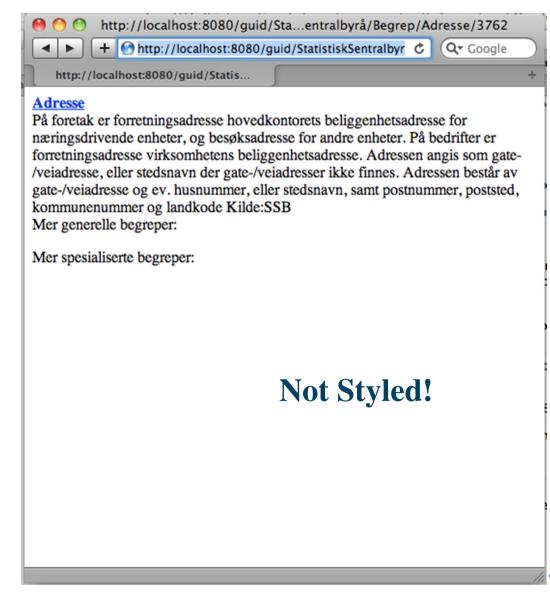
GET

```
curl -H "Accept: text/html"
"http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762"
```

```
<html>
  <body>
    <strong>
      <a href="http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762">Adresse</a>
    </strong>
    <br>
    <span>På foretak er forretningsadresse hovedkontorets beliggenhetsadresse for næringsdrivende enheter, og besøksadresse for andre
enheter. På bedrifter er forretningsadresse virksomhetens beliggenhetsadresse. Adressen angis som gate-/veiadresse, eller stedsnavn der
gate-/veiadresser ikke finnes. Adressen består av gate-/veiadresse og ev. husnummer, eller stedsnavn, samt postnummer, poststed,
kommunenummer og landkode
Kilde:SSB</span>
    <br>
Mer generelle begreper: 
Mer spesialiserte begreper: 
  </body>
</html>
```



An example ...



GET



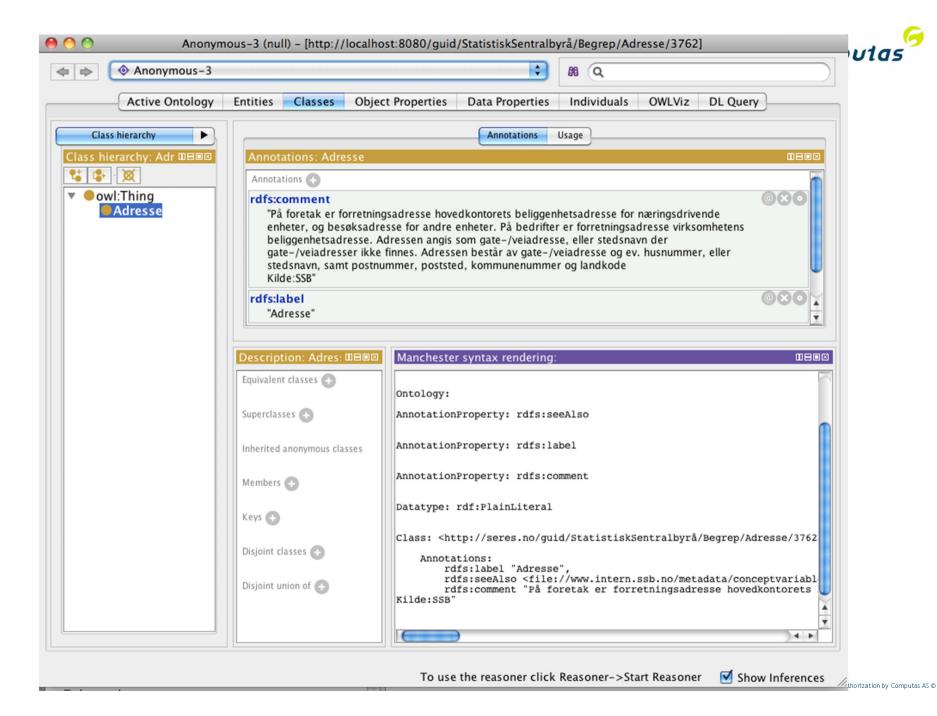
An example...

http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762

GET

```
curl -H "Accept: application/rdf+xml"
"http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762"
```

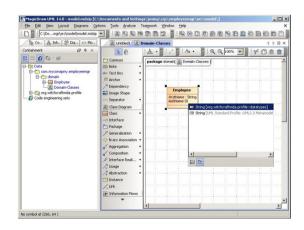
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<rdf:RDF xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#" xmlns:owl="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#"
xmlns:rdfs="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#">
<rdf:Description rdf:about="http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762">
<rdf:Description rdf:about="http://seres.no/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762">
<rdf:SeeAlso rdf:resource="file://www.intern.ssb.no/metadata/conceptvariable/vardok/1485/nb"/>
<rdfs:comment>På foretak er forretningsadresse hovedkontorets beliggenhetsadresse for næringsdrivende enheter, og besøksadresse for andre enheter. På bedrifter er forretningsadresse virksomhetens beliggenhetsadresse. Adressen angis som gate-/veiadresse, eller stedsnavn der gate-/veiadresser ikke finnes. Adressen består av gate-/veiadresse og ev. husnummer, eller stedsnavn, samt postnummer, poststed, kommunenummer og landkode
Kilde:SSB</rdfs:comment>
<rd></rdf:Jabel>Adresse</rdfs:label>
</rdf:Description>
</rdf:Description>
</rdf:Description></rdf:Patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-patentialpedia-pat
```



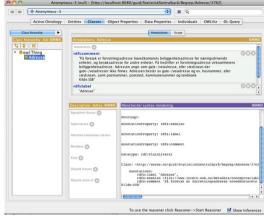
Clients

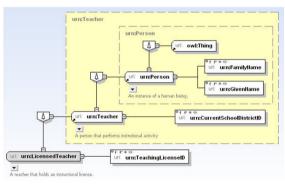
- All Semantic Web Clients (Protégé, Altova Semantic Works, Topbraid, etc.)
- UML-clients (Magic Draw, Enterprise Architect)

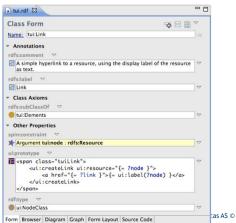
 Other clients supporting RESTful services is easily supported













Updating concepts

Client applications that supports RESTful services will be able to update directly

```
curl -u "name:password" curl -d @data.rdf --insecure -H "Content-Type:
application/rdf+xml; charset=utf-8" -H "Accept: application/rdf+xml"
"http://localhost:8080/guid/StatistiskSentralbyrå/Begrep/Adresse/3762"
```

POST

200 OK

Must be authenticated!

Sent to server....



Need for more services?

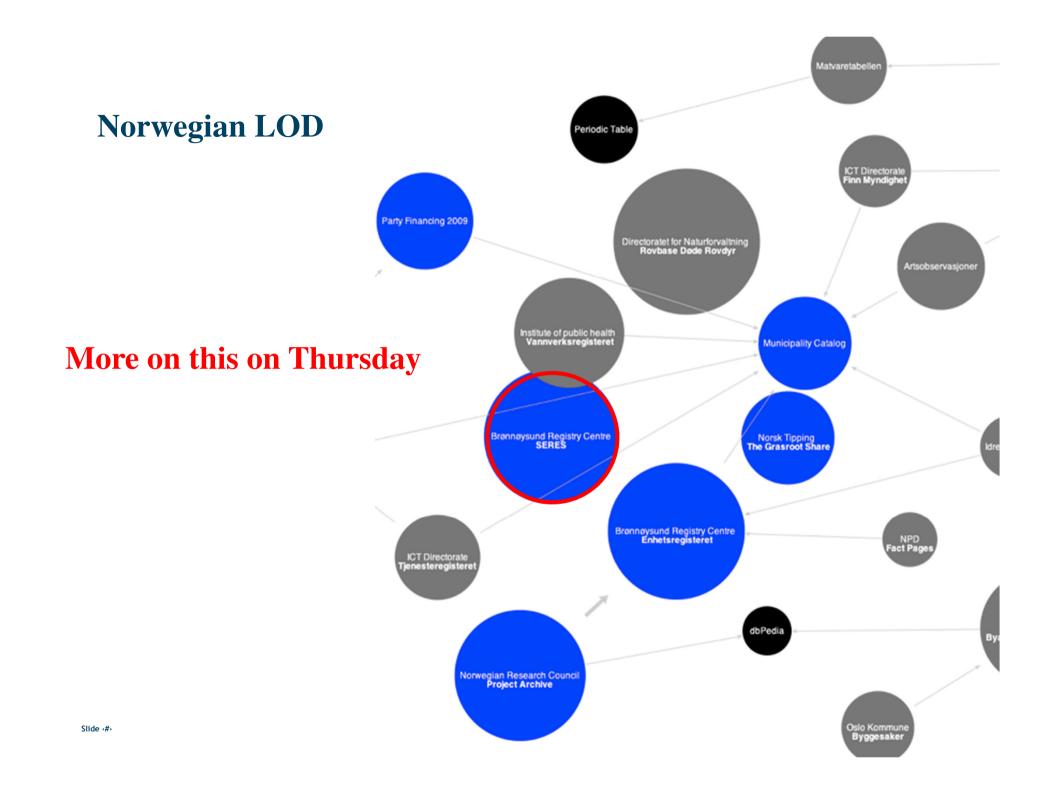
• Search?

http://seres.no/guid/<Domain>/search/Begrep?q=Adresse



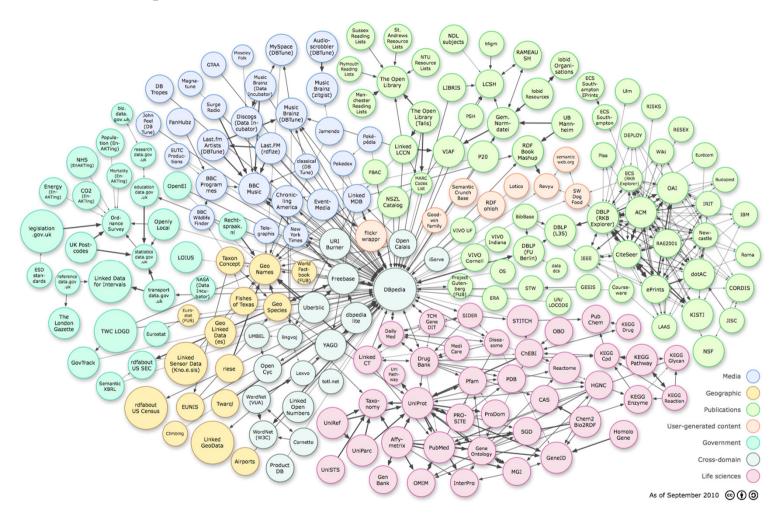
Back to the use cases

- Use case 1: Refer to a concept definition in your own system, outside of SERES
 - Linked Data vocabulary; an instance can be of a SERES concept (use the RDF mime-type)
 - Web pages can refer to the concept, and the link will show the definition.
- Use case 2: Create and update a concept definition
 - The agencies that are authenticated to use SERES, can use their identities to download (GET) and update (POST) a concept from any client supporting RESTful services and the appropriate formats (XMI, RDF).





Linked Open Data





Takk for oppmerksomheten!

David.norheim@computas.com



Linked Open Data and SERES

