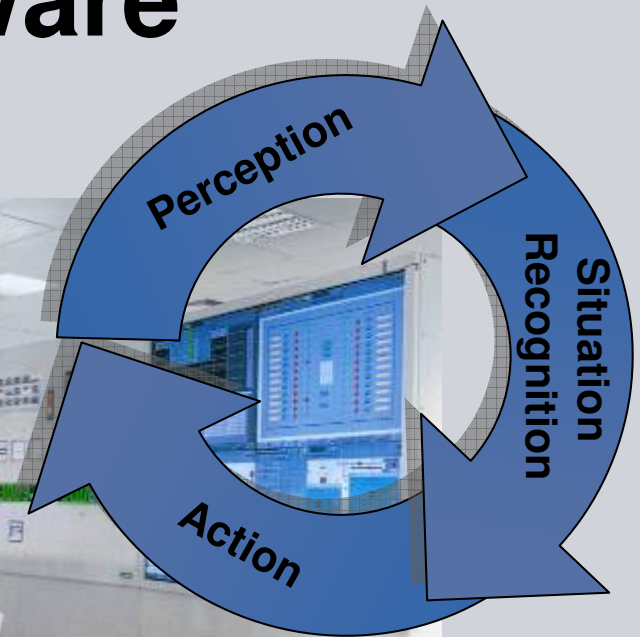


# Reasoning in Situation-aware Applications

Steffen Lamparter

Siemens AG  
Corporate Technology  
Autonomous Systems Group



## Application Areas of Situation-aware systems

### Monitoring of complex technical systems for proactive maintenance and diagnostics

Examples:

- Maintenance of railroad infrastructures
- RFID-based incident management in production and logistics

### Monitoring of human behavior to recognize critical situations

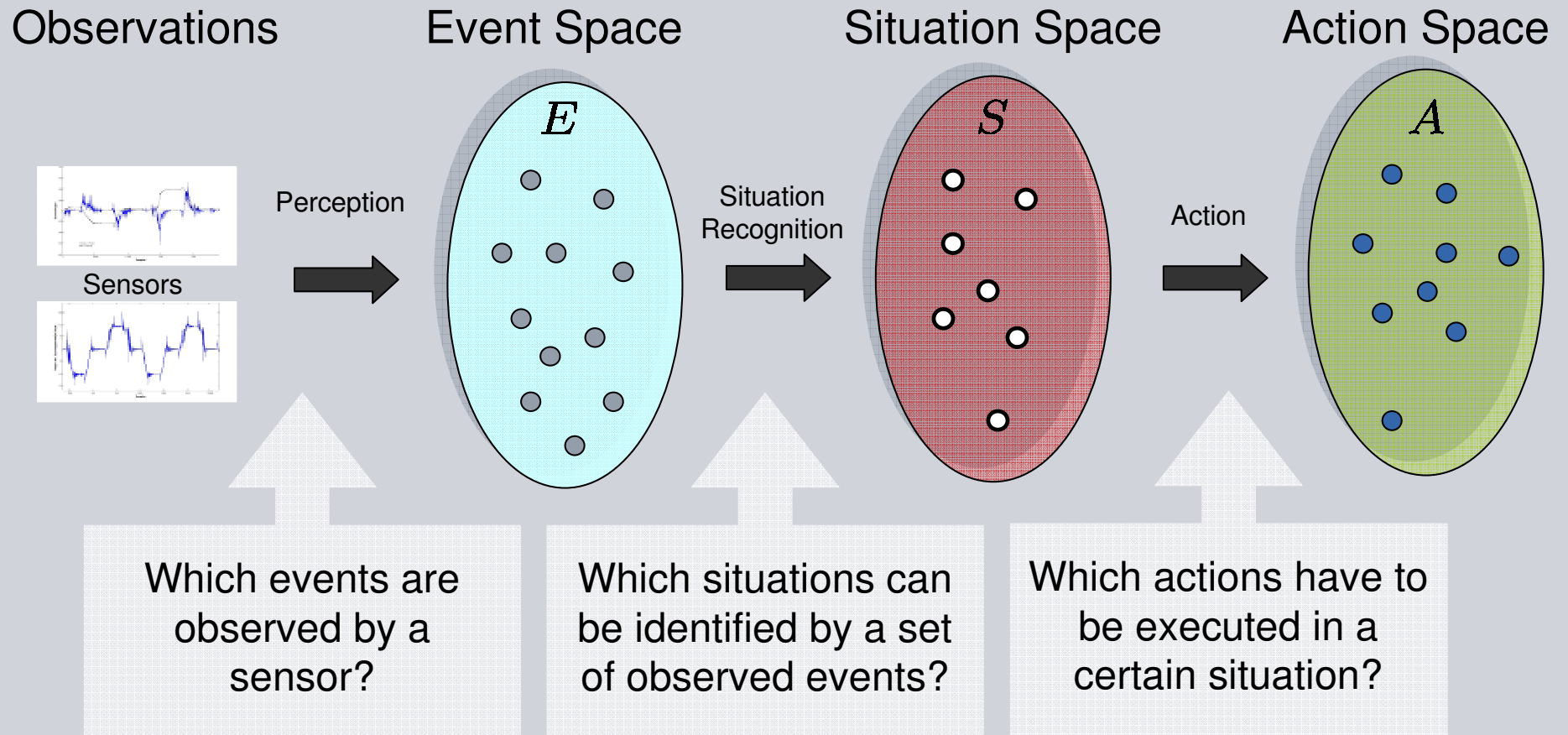
Examples:

- Surveillance
- Ambient Assisted Living



# Situation-aware Applications: Architectural Blueprint

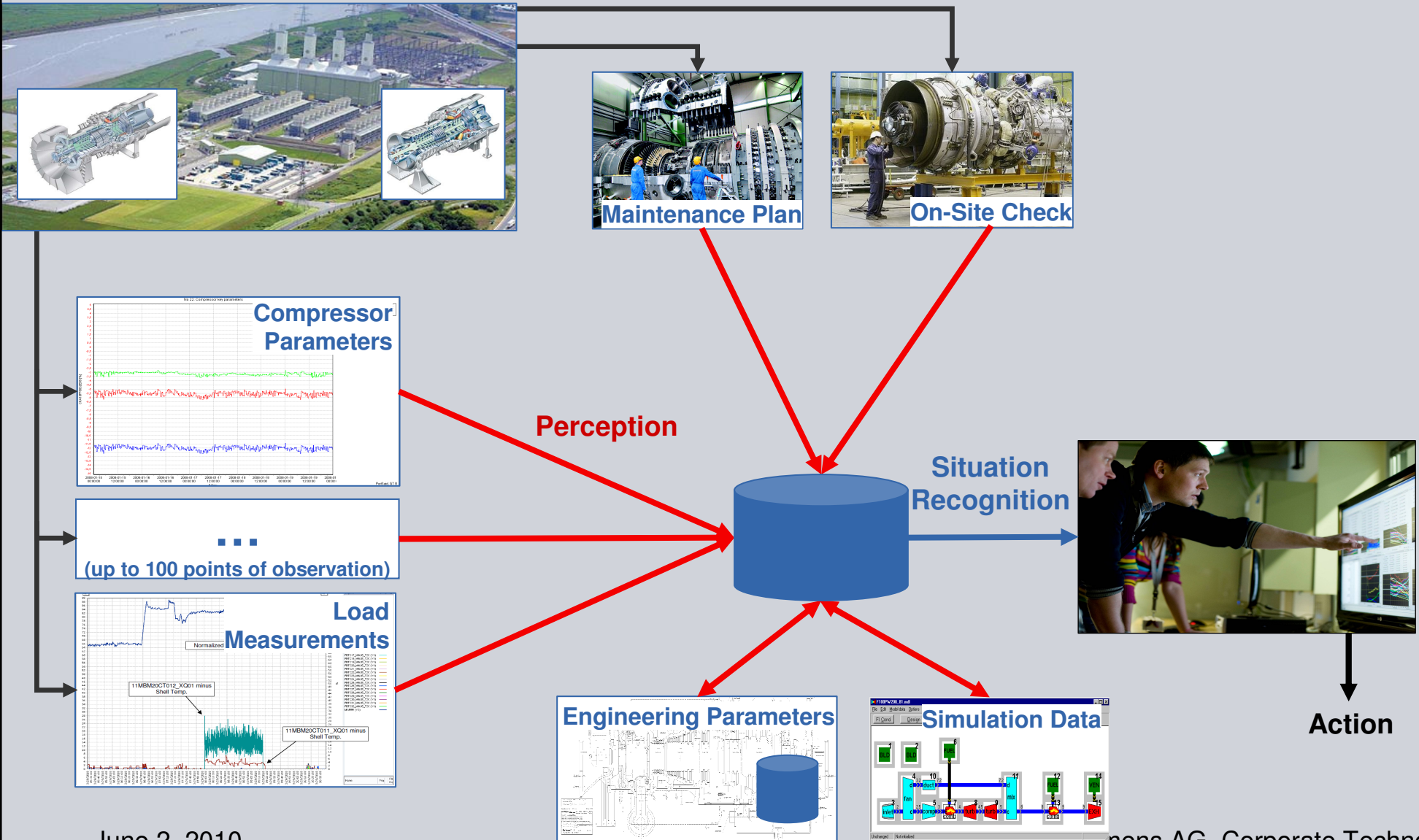
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Reasoning based on Semantic Models

# Example: Proactive Maintenance for Complex Industrial Processes

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June 2, 2010

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# Situation-aware Applications: Challenges for Semantic Technologies

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## Situation Recognition Algorithms for Event Streams

- Efficient situation understanding for stream data necessary
- Situations depend on temporal as well as causal relations between events

## Distributed Situation Recognition

- Events come from various sources and locations
- Processing and communication in real time

## Intelligent Sensors with Situation Recognition "on board"

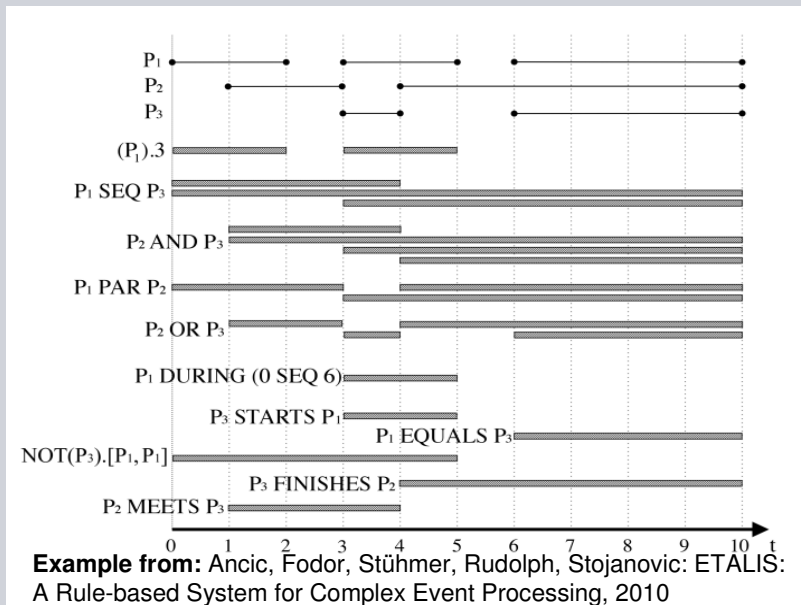
- Situation understanding algorithms are executed embedded on device/sensor
- Tractability on resource restricted hardware

Towards "on-board diagnostics"

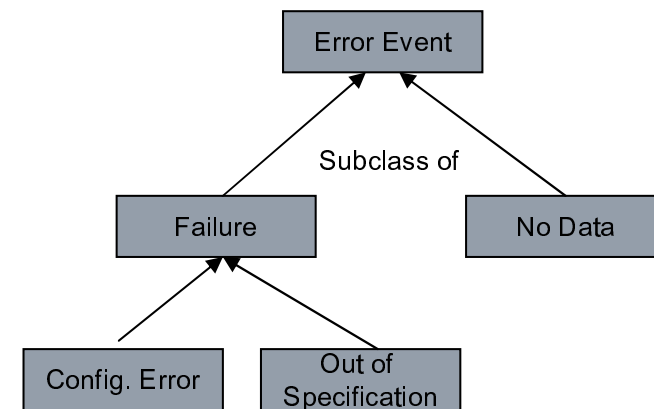
# Situation Specification: Event Correlation Language

Situation = (temporal, causal) correlation between events

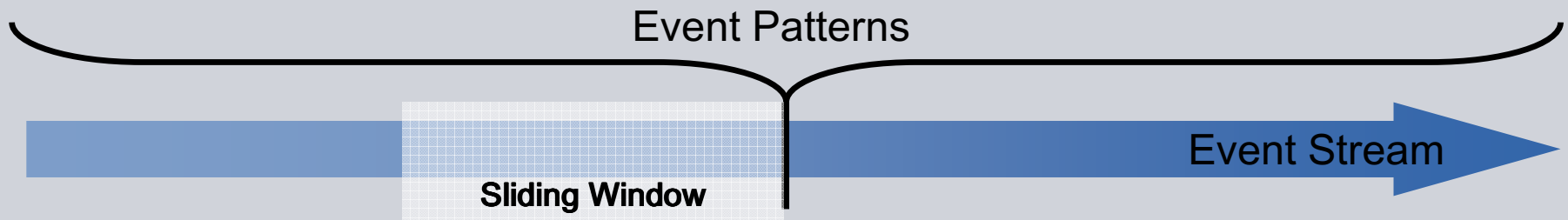
Situations



## Event Type Model

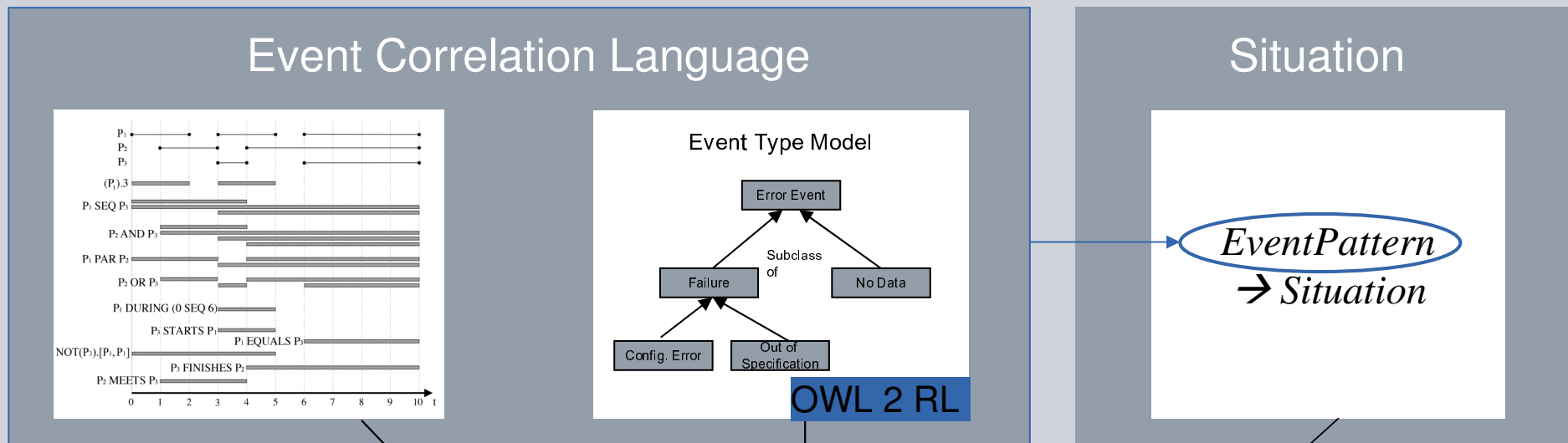


Events



# Rule-based Event Processing

Current Approach: Complex Event Processing using Rule Engines



Various approaches in literature for

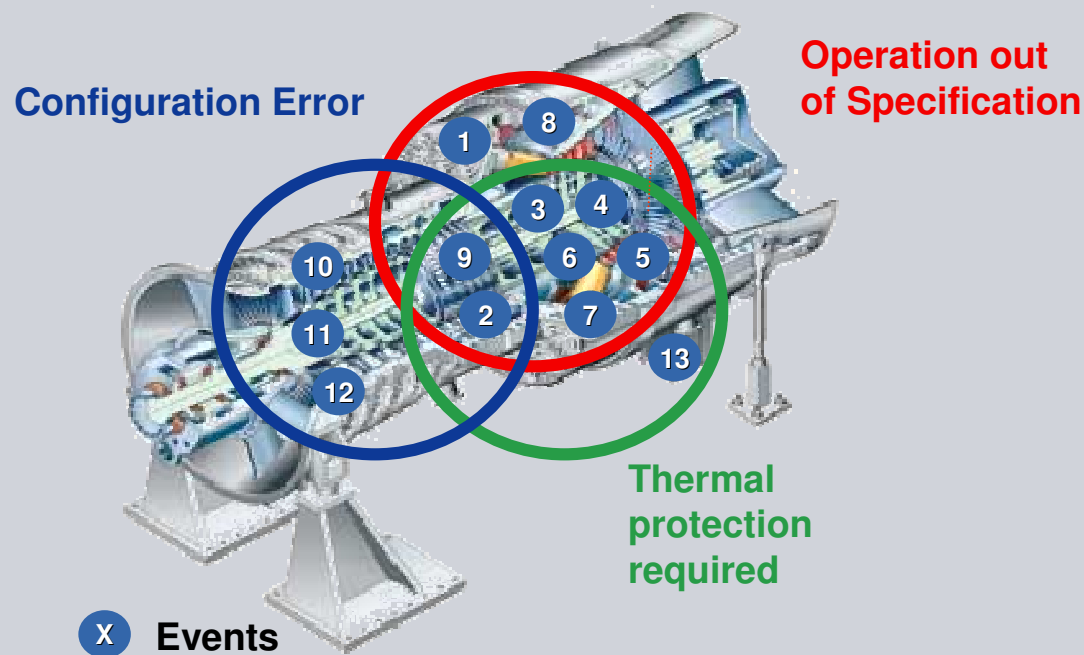
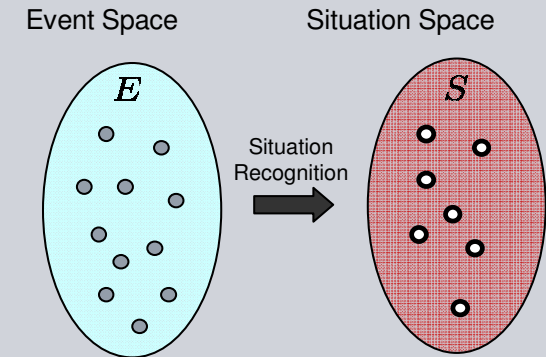
- semantics of temporal language constructs, e.g. RETE extensions
- Consumption policies to implement sliding window over events

**Rule Engine**  
Prolog, Clips, Drools

# Reasoning for Situation Understanding

## Deductive Reasoning for Situation Understanding

- Requires full information about relation between events and situations
  - *EventPattern* → *Situation*





# Reasoning for Situation Understanding

## Problem: Incomplete Information

- Not applicable to predictive maintenance
- Reasons for the particular situations are often unknown

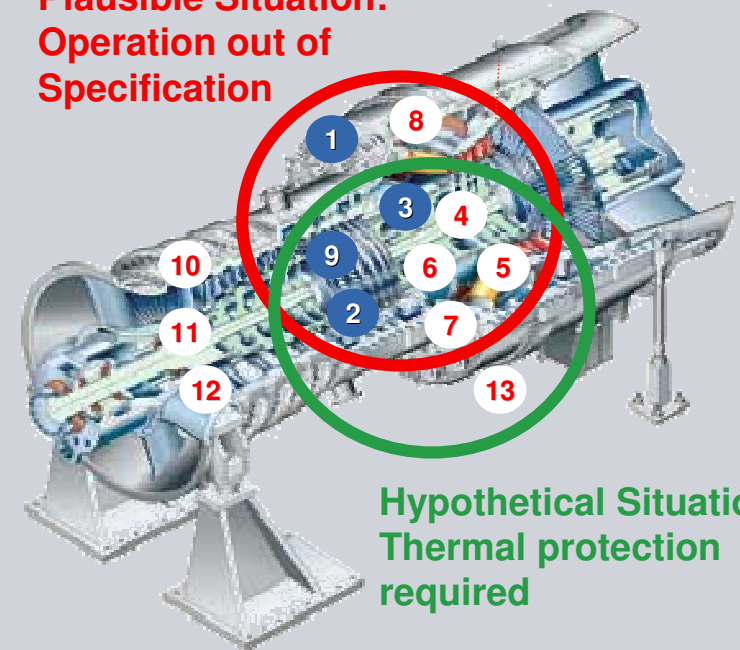
## Current Approach

- Introduce classification of situations: certain, plausible and hypothetical situations
- Rank plausible and hypothetical situations according to heuristics as well as explicit preferences
- Support for simple event patterns only

## Some challenges

- Abduction reasoning for situation understanding with incomplete information
- Probabilistic reasoning for handling uncertain information
- Inductive reasoning enables iterative improvements of (deductive) situation understanding

**Plausible Situation:  
Operation out of  
Specification**



**X** Observed event

**X** Unknown

# Situation-aware Applications: Challenges for Semantic Technologies

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## Distributed Situation Understanding

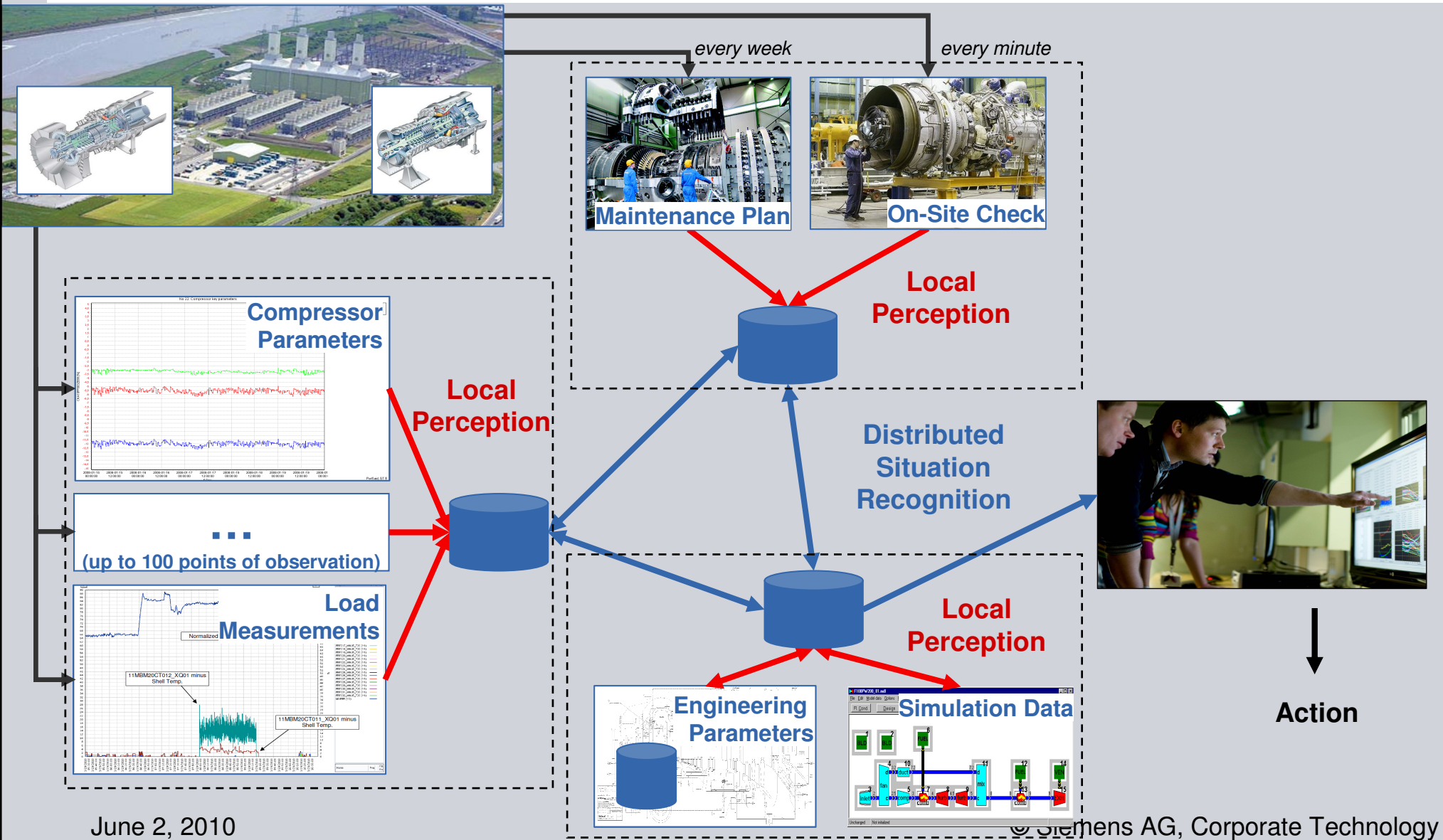
- Events come from **various sources and locations**
- Processing and communication **in real time**

## Intelligent Sensors with Situation Understanding "on board"

- Situation understanding algorithms are executed embedded on device/sensor
- Tractability on resource restricted hardware

Towards "on-board diagnostics"

# Example: Proactive Maintenance for Complex Industrial Processes



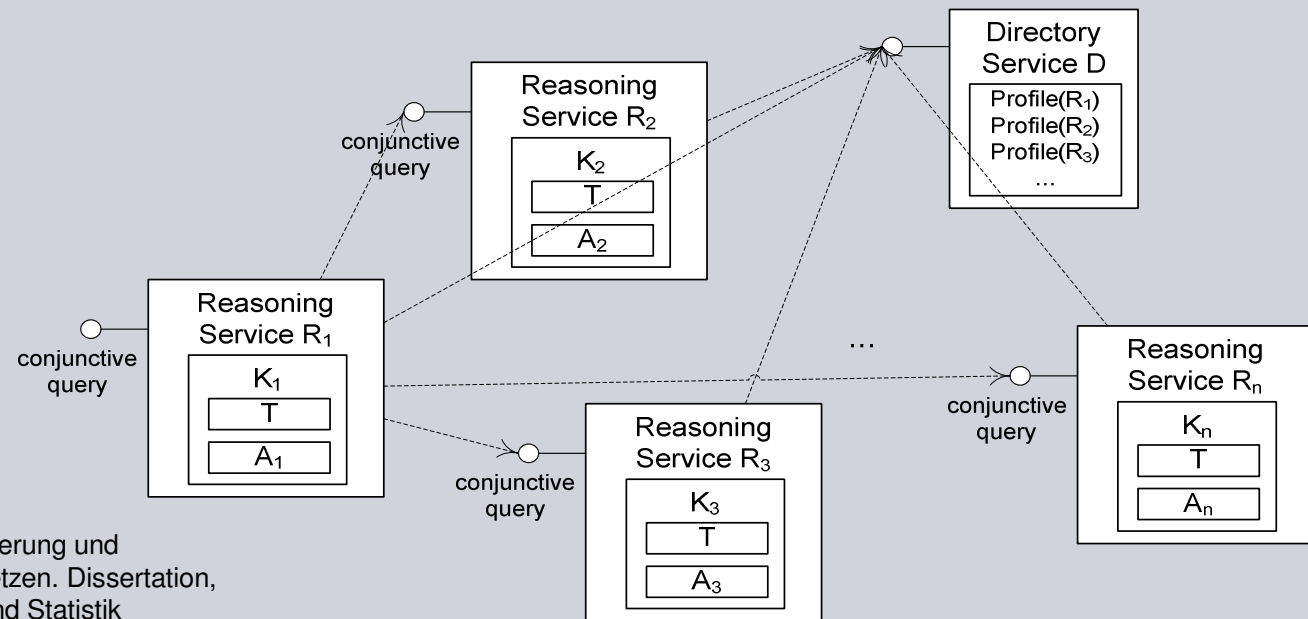
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# Distributed Situation Recognition



## Reasoning over Distributed Knowledge Bases

- Avoid collection of all sensor data in one central knowledge base
- Instead of collecting data distribute queries to remote reasoners and integrate results

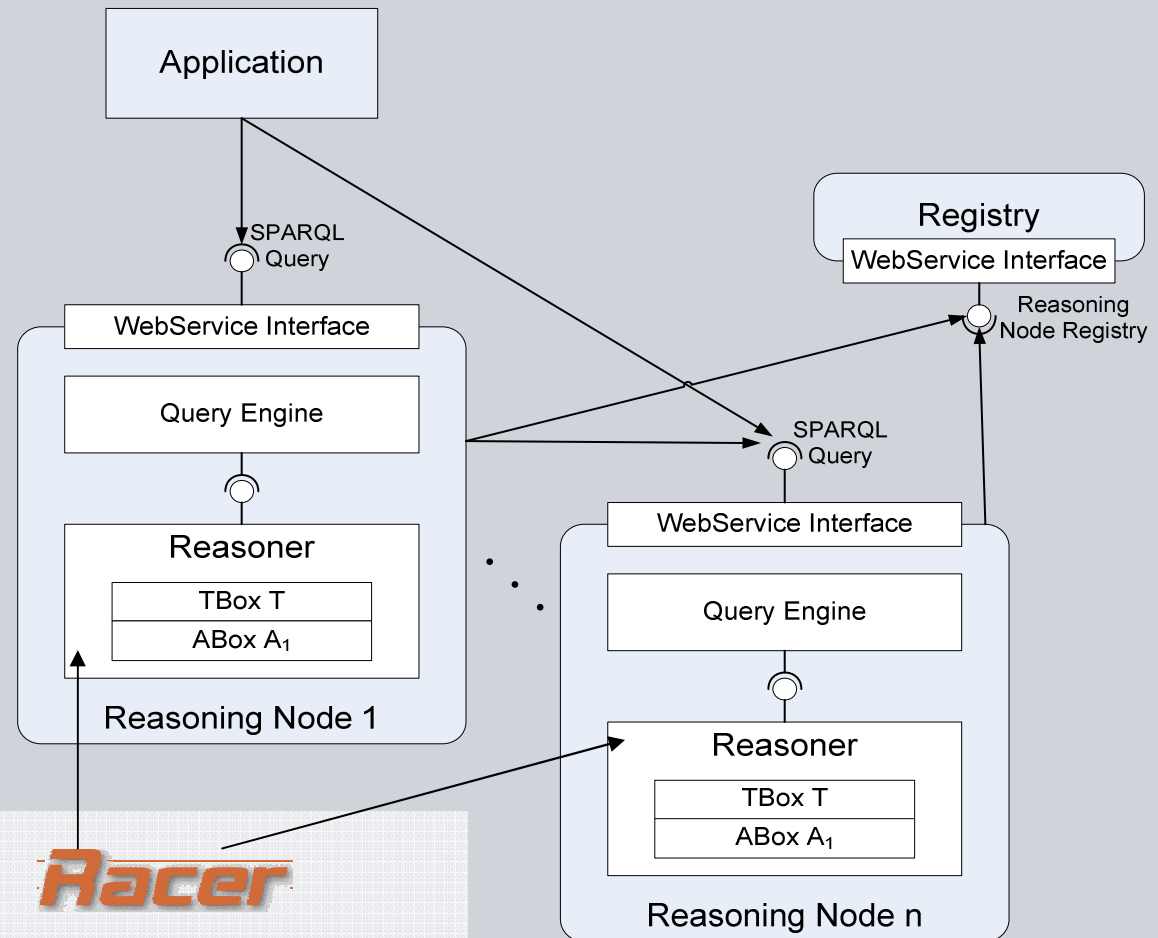


**Source:** Fuchs, Florian (2008): Semantische Modellierung und Reasoning für Kontextinformationen in Infrastrukturnetzen. Dissertation, LMU München: Fakultät für Mathematik, Informatik und Statistik

# Distributed Situation Recognition: Implementation

## Architecture:

- Java Axis2 WebServices
- ReasoningNode as black box
- Intelligence in Query Engine: generates sub queries
- Deployment in servlet engine (e.g. Tomcat)
- Different setups possible (e.g. hierarchical, mesh-networks, etc.)



KAON2



OWL2RL & Clips

## Restrictions w.r.t. OWL DL:

- Shared roles must not be universally quantified (forall r.C' not allowed)
- Shared roles must not be restricted in cardinality ( $\leq n$  r not allowed)

# Situation-aware Applications: Challenges for Semantic Technologies

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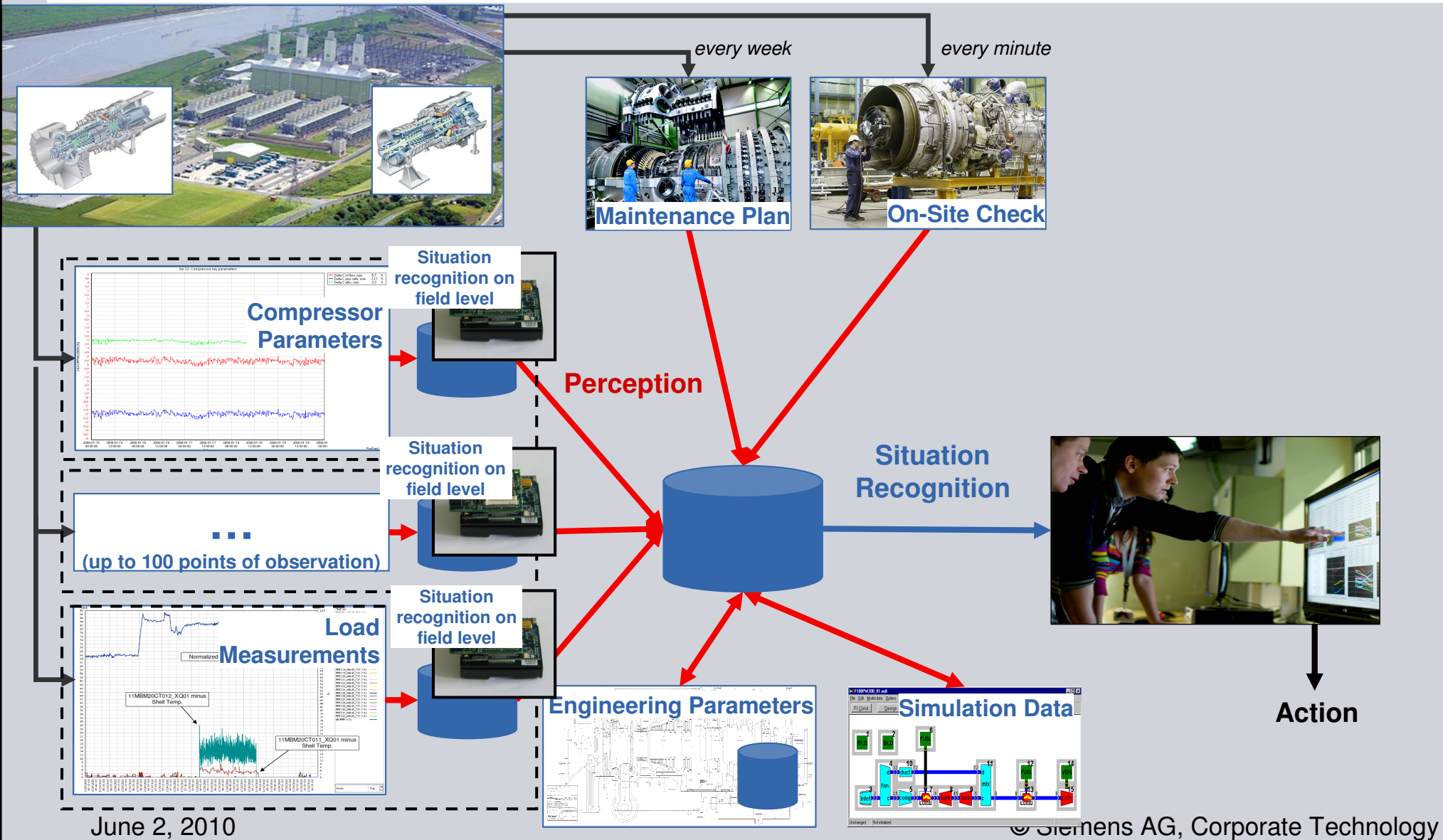
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- Tractability on **resource restricted** hardware

Towards “on-board diagnostics”



# Example: Proactive Maintenance for Complex Industrial Processes



## Possible Hardware

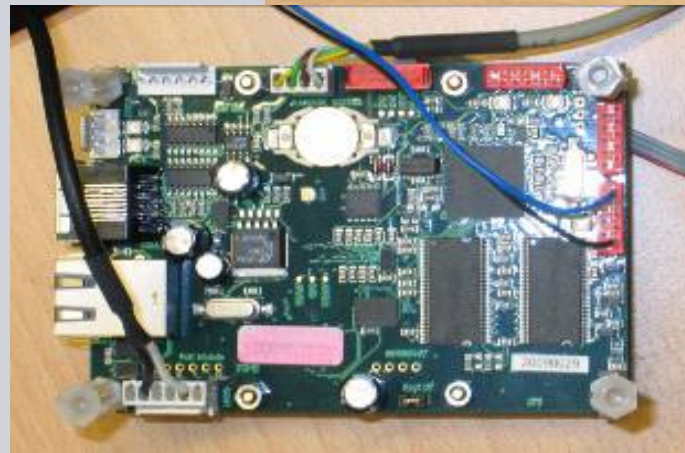
### Gumstix Verdex Pro XM4 COM

- Processor: Marvell™ PXA270,
- Speed: ARM XScale 400MHz
- Memory: 64MB RAM, 16MB Flash
- Linux 2.6



### AUG Development Board

- ATMEL AT91SAM9261 (ARM9)
- Speed: 200MHz
- Memory: 64 MByte SDRAM, 256 MByte NAND Flash



### xBow Imote2

- PXA271 processor at 13–416MHz
- 256kB SRAM, 32MB FLASH, 32MB SDRAM
- Integrated 802.15.4 Radio



## Reasoners under investigation....

### FaCT++



- Programming language C++
- Stand-alone → I/O error caused by ARM
- OWL API → Alpha version for FaCT++ doesn't work

### Pellet



- Programming language Java  
→ no working Java environment
- GNU classpath – not fully compatible
- SUN Embedded for Java – no required lib

### CEL



- Programming language Lisp
- Only Allegro CL → closed source, no ARM-version (cross-compiling necessary)

### Racer



- Programming language Lisp
- closed source, no ARM-version (cross-compiling necessary)

### Clips rule engine as OWL2RL reasoner

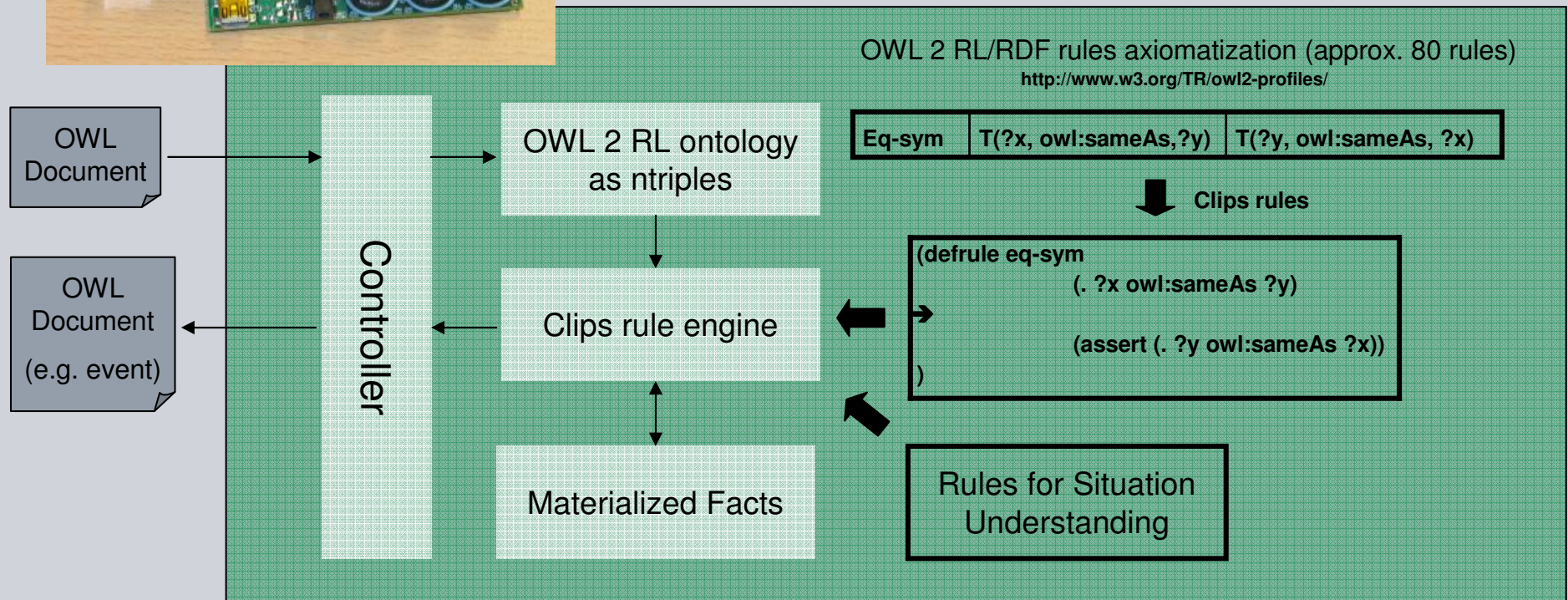
- Small, light, and rather fast
- Uses Rete algorithm, forward chaining
- Implemented in C, C++ wrapper available
- Available for various platforms (e.g. Windows, Linux, Unix)
- License: Open Source



Gumstix

# Embedded situation recognition

- Simplified architecture of embedded reasoning on Gumstix hardware



Current work: improve approach w.r.t. memory usage



## Conclusions

- Many applications of situation-aware applications in energy, industry and healthcare sector
- Situation-aware applications require
  - Identification of **relevant events** based on multi-model sensor inputs
  - Recognition of **complex situations**
  - Triggering of **appropriate actions**
- Challenges for situation recognition
  - Efficient data **stream processing** with complex event patterns
  - Realization of **distributed situation recognition** algorithms
  - On-board diagnostics with situation recognition algorithm **embedded on device**

**Thank you for your attention!**



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